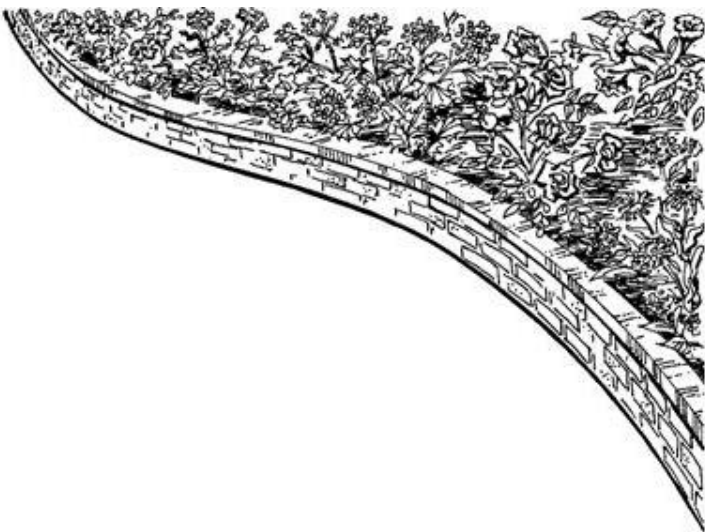


Islamic Studies

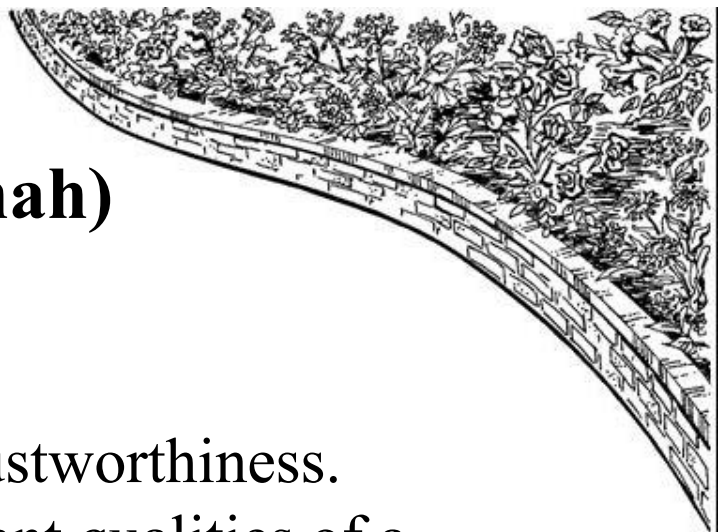
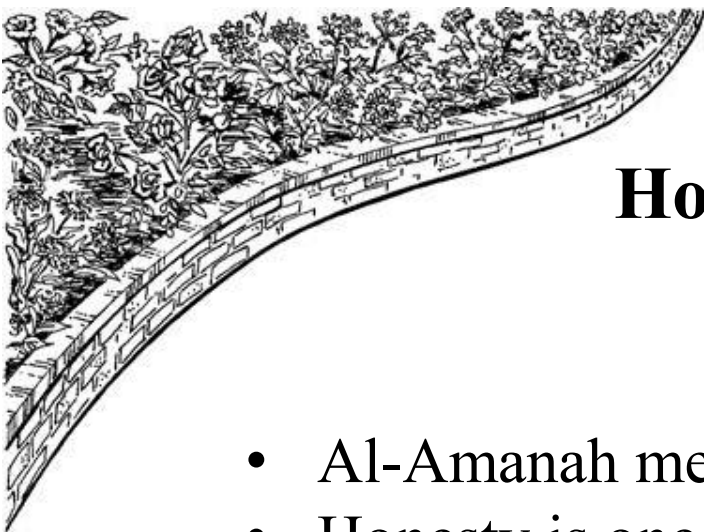
Honesty



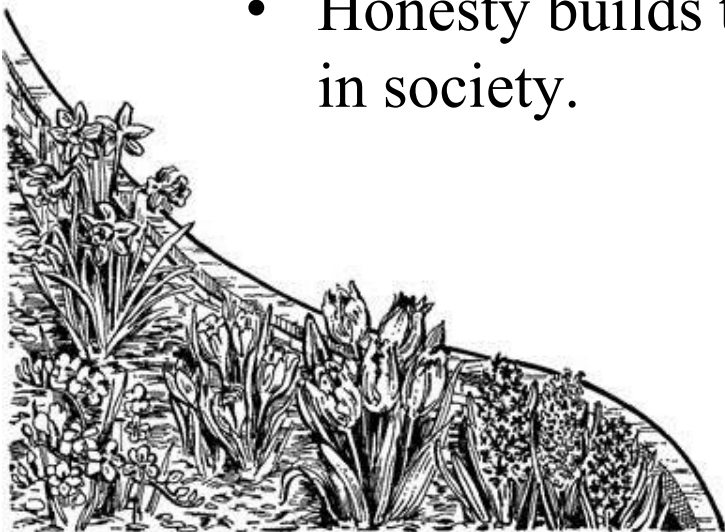
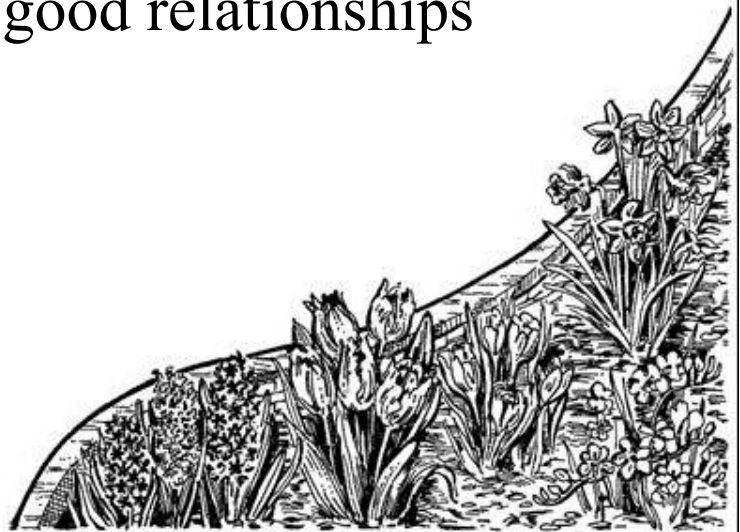
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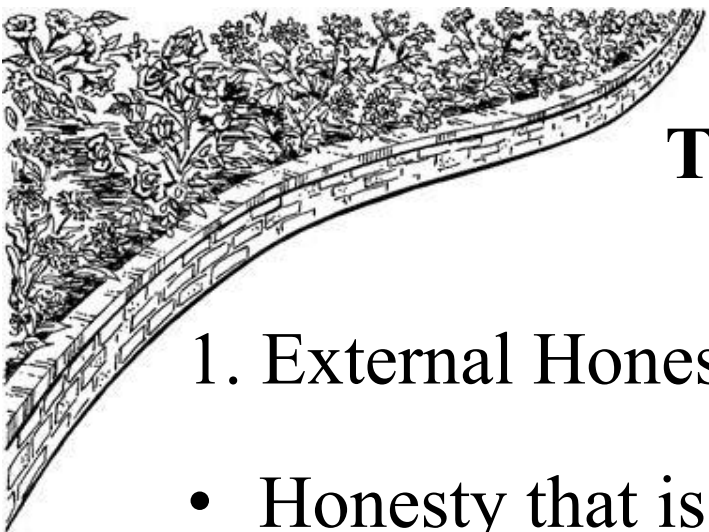
Understanding the concept of honesty (Al-Amanah) in Islam by distinguishing between external and internal honesty and recognizing its impact on personal integrity and social well-being.



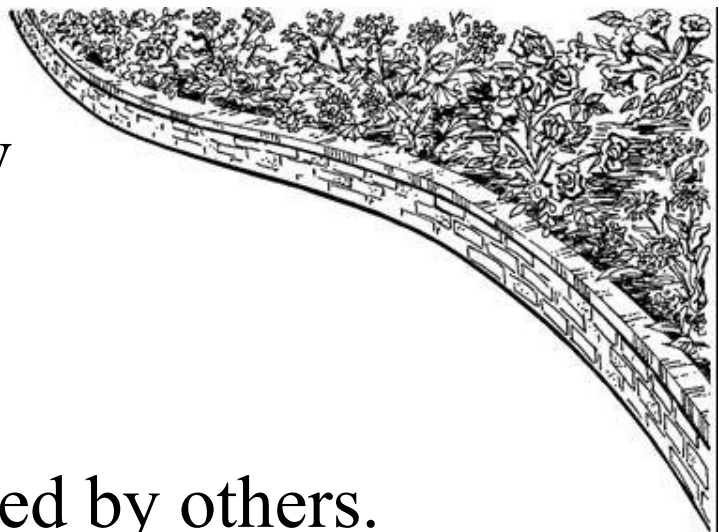


Honesty (Al-Amanah)

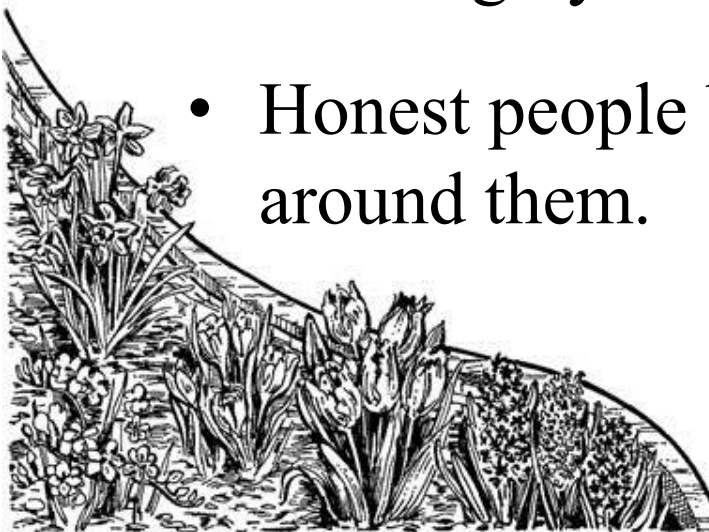
- Al-Amanah means honesty and trustworthiness.
 - Honesty is one of the most important qualities of a Muslim.
 - Islam emphasizes good manners and moral character.
 - Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was known as truthful and trustworthy even before his prophethood.
 - Honesty builds trust, respect, and good relationships in society.
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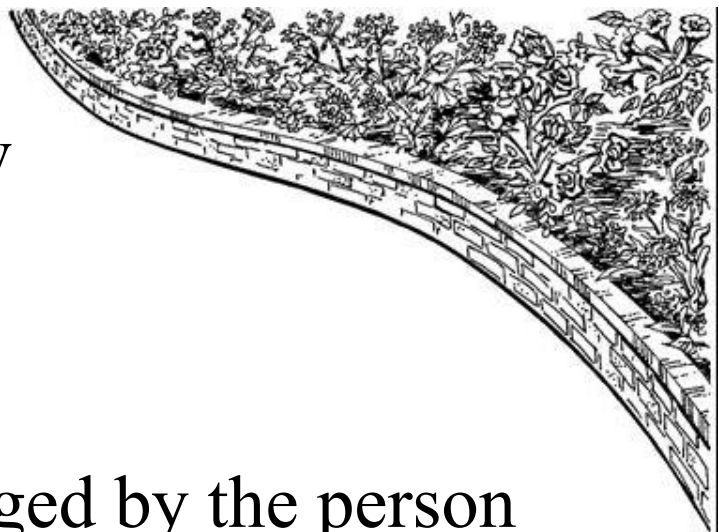
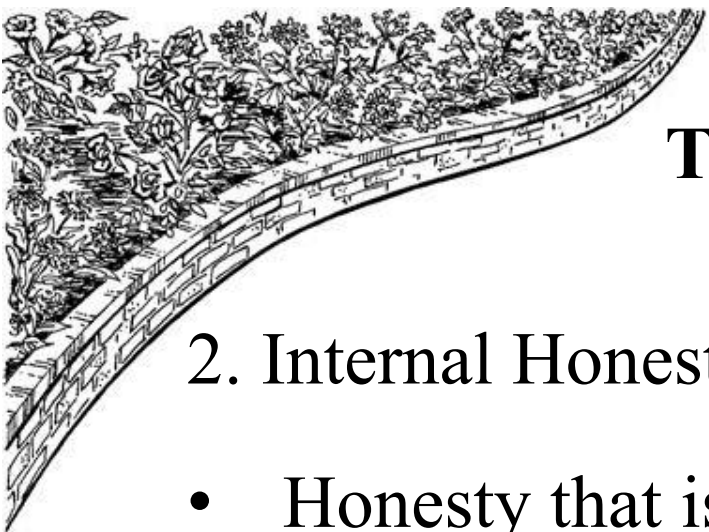


Types of Honesty



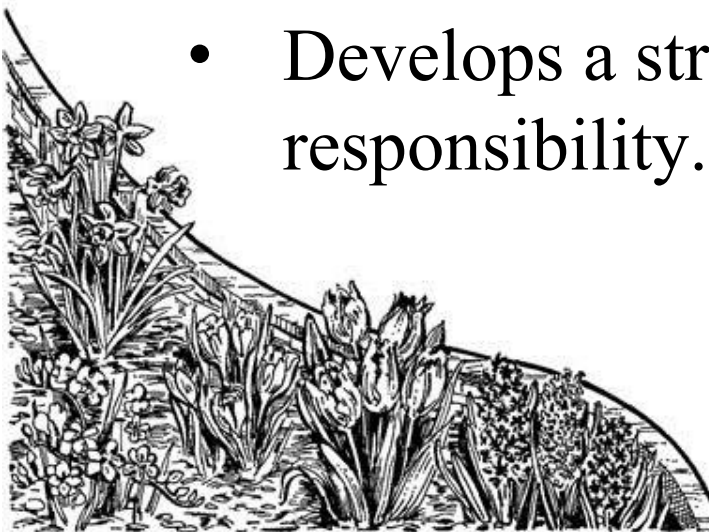
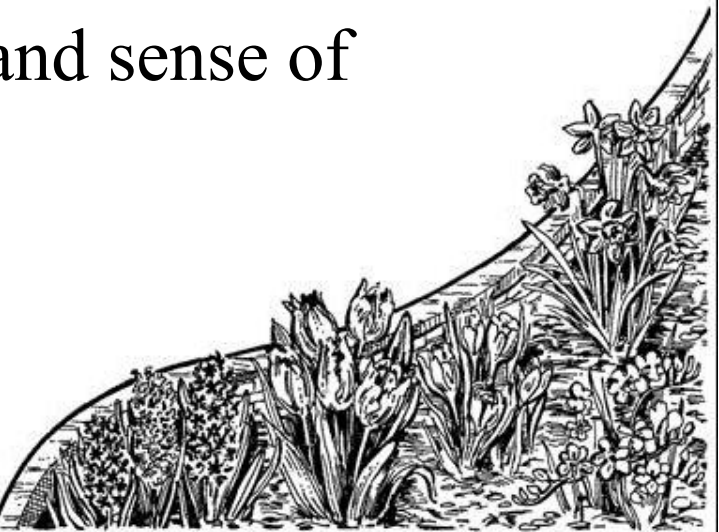
1. External Honesty

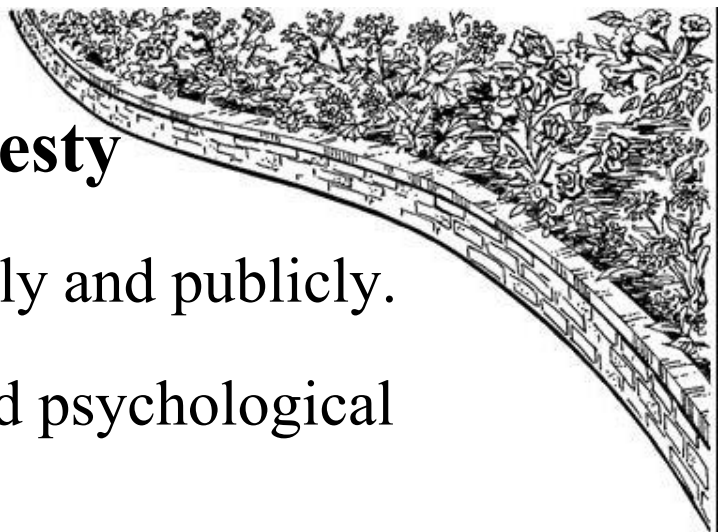
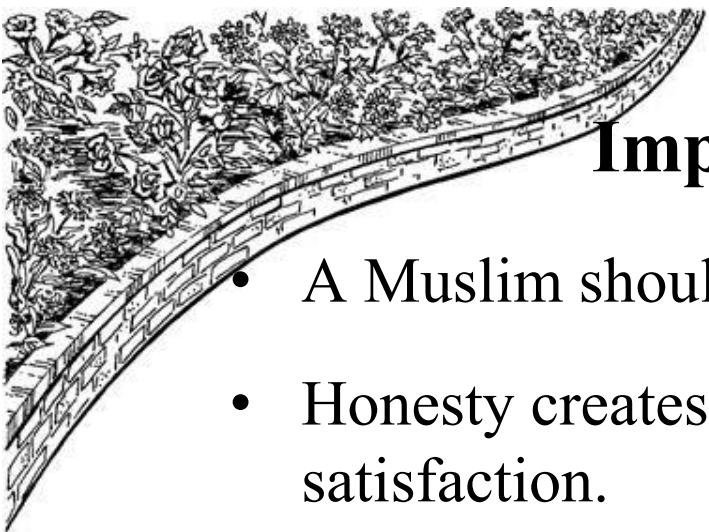
- Honesty that is visible and judged by others.
 - Creates trust and social acceptance.
 - Helps prevent lying, cheating, stealing, bribery, and forgery.
 - Honest people benefit both themselves and those around them.
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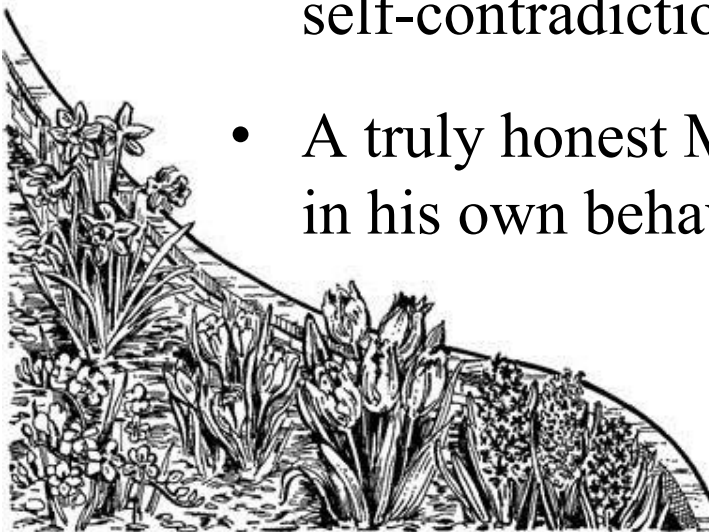
Types of Honesty

2. Internal Honesty

- Honesty that is known and judged by the person himself.
 - A Muslim believes that Allah (SWT) is always watching, even when no one else is present.
 - Develops a strong conscience and sense of responsibility.
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Importance of Honesty

- A Muslim should be honest privately and publicly.
 - Honesty creates self-confidence and psychological satisfaction.
 - It develops trust between individuals and within society.
 - It promotes integrity, consistency, and unity of character.
 - Honesty reduces internal conflicts, social problems, and self-contradiction.
 - A truly honest Muslim is trusted by others and confident in his own behavior.
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