

Islamic Studies

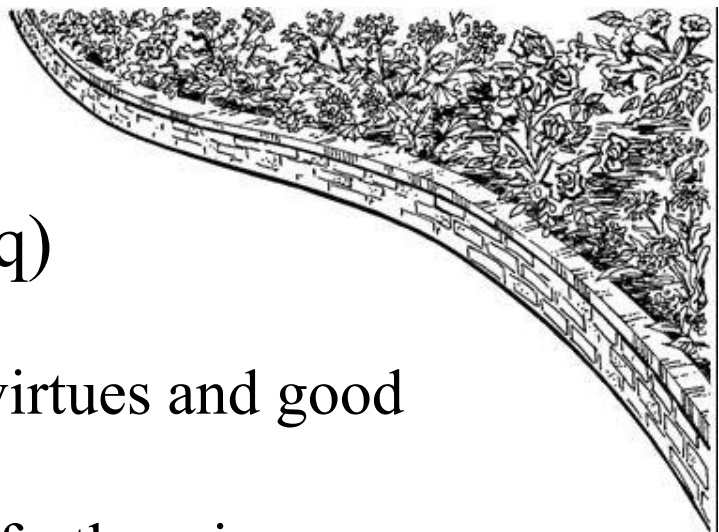
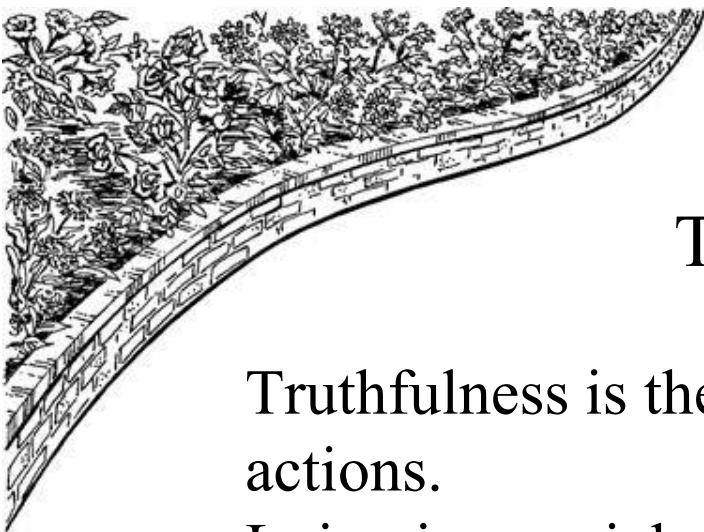
Sincerity, Fulfilling Promise & Truthfulness



MLO 9.1.8

Distinguishing the role of truthfulness in developing moral character to differentiate between virtuous and sinful behavior.





Truthfulness (Sidq)

Truthfulness is the foundation of all virtues and good actions.

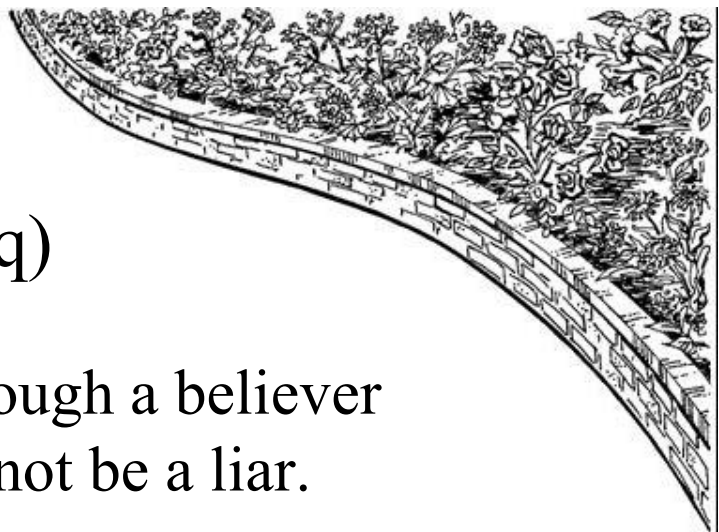
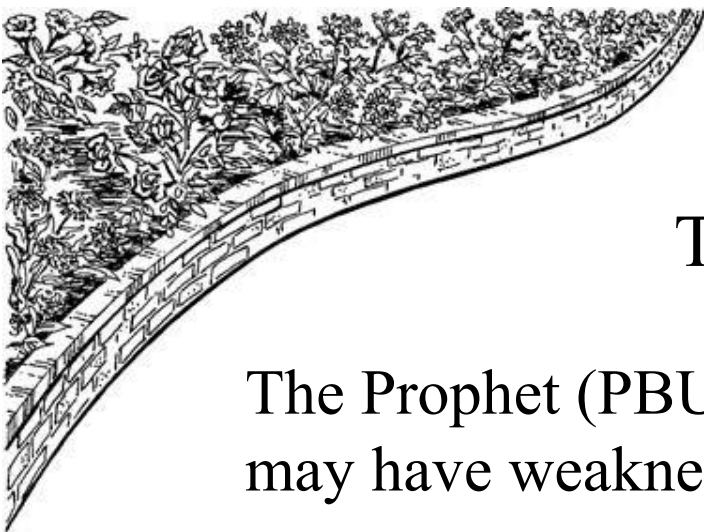
Lying is a social evil that can lead to further sins.

Truthfulness requires both words and actions.

A person's behavior should reflect their beliefs,

A person who develops the habit of truthfulness can gradually leave other sinful behaviors.

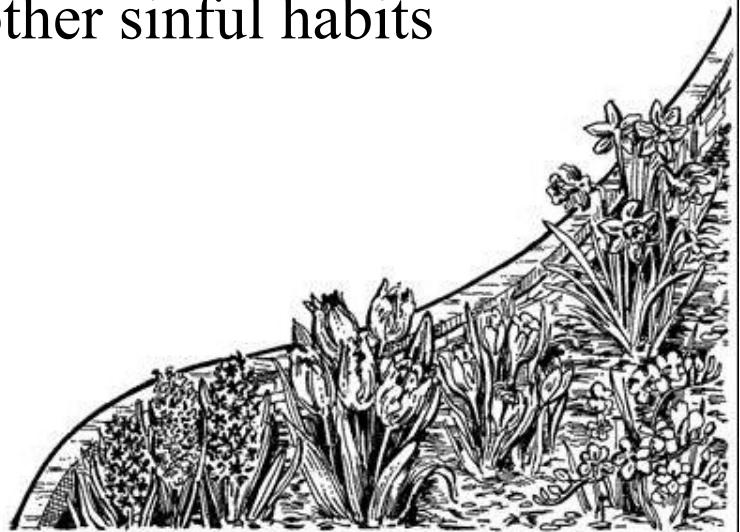
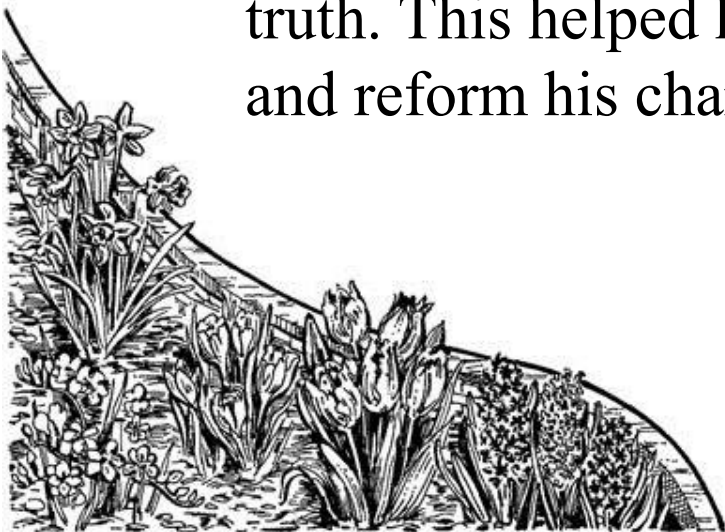


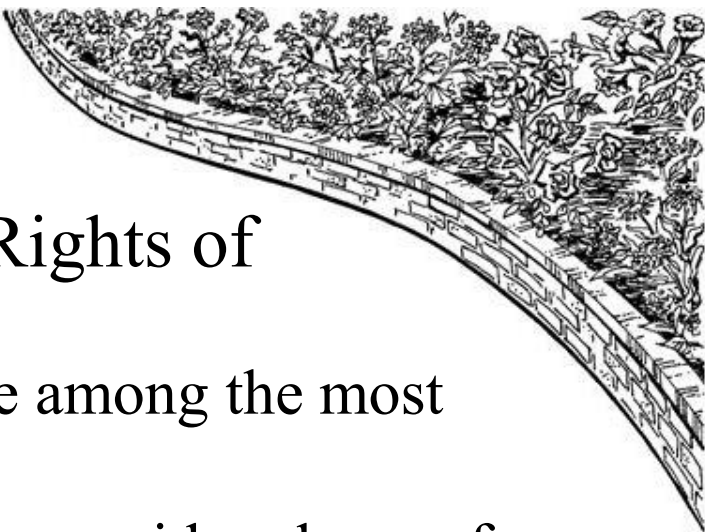
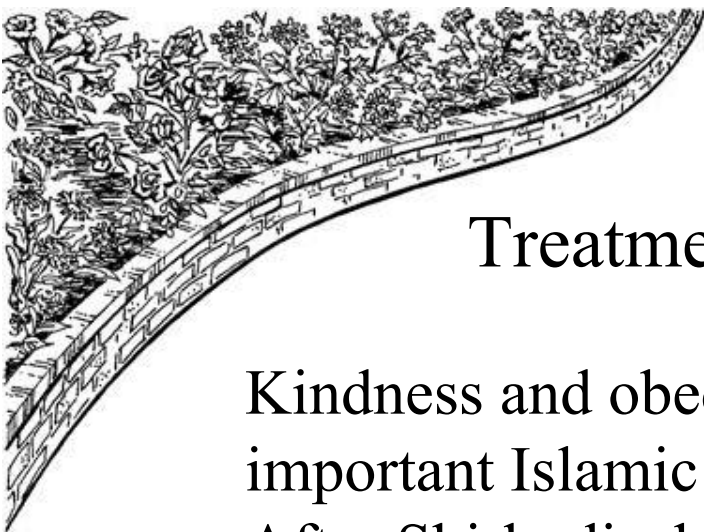


Truthfulness (Sidq)

The Prophet (PBUH) taught that although a believer may have weaknesses, a believer cannot be a liar.

A man addicted to several sins asked the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) for advice. The Prophet told him to give up lying. Whenever he was tempted to commit another sin, he feared having to tell the Prophet the truth. This helped him abandon his other sinful habits and reform his character.





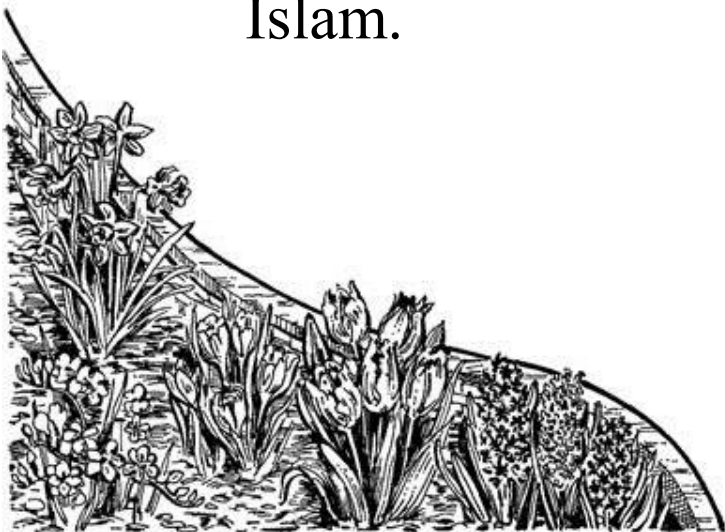
Treatment of Parents & Rights of Neighbors

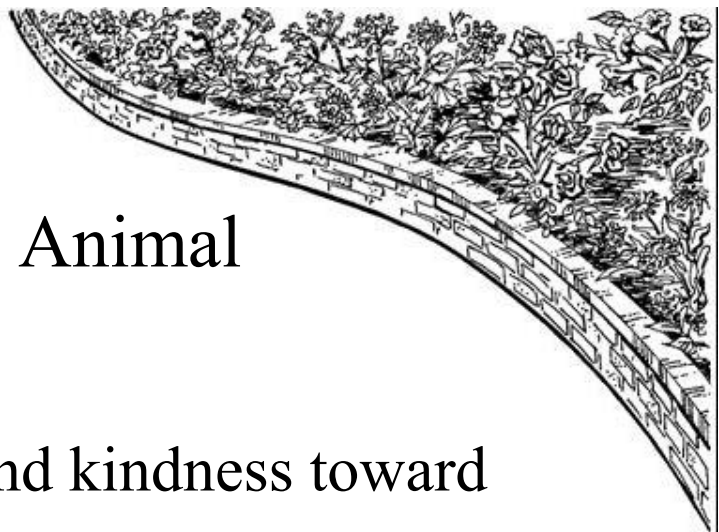
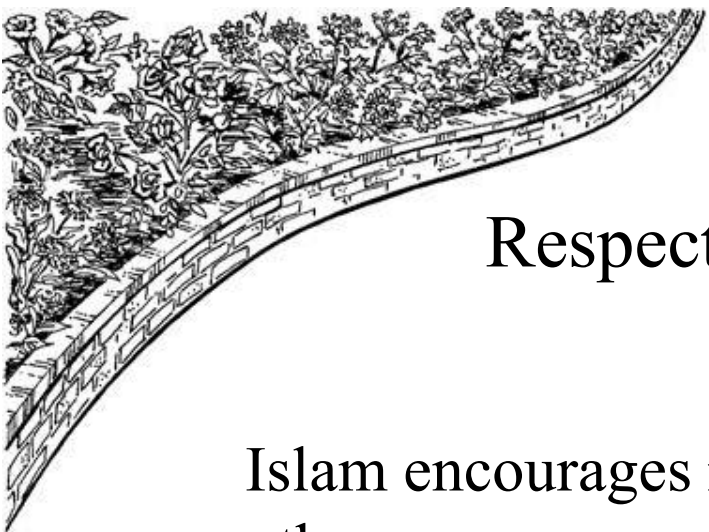
Kindness and obedience to parents are among the most important Islamic duties.

After Shirk, disobedience to parents is considered one of the greatest sins.

Islam strongly emphasizes the rights of neighbors.

The Angel Gabriel (AS) repeatedly emphasized neighborly rights, showing their great importance in Islam.





Respect, Compassion & Animal Rights

Islam encourages respect for elders and kindness toward others.

Muslims are expected to show compassion and mercy to all living beings.

Animal rights are also part of Islamic ethics.

Animals should not be overburdened, mistreated, or harmed unnecessarily.

